

OUTLINE OF MA34110 – PDEs (2025–26)

- Classification of PDEs: linearity, order, homogenous.

- Superposition principle.

- Simple PDEs.

- **Method of characteristics**

- Definition of directional derivative.
- Constant coefficients: $au_x + bu_y = 0$.
- Variable coefficients: $a(x, y)u_x + b(x, y)u_y = 0$.
- General case (parameterisation of characteristic curves): $a(x, y)u_x + b(x, y)u_y + c(x, y)u = f(x, y)$.

- **Initial and boundary conditions**

- Well-posed and ill-posed problems.

- **Classification of second order PDEs.**

- Classification.
- Reduction to canonical forms.

- **The wave equation**

- General solution: $u(x, t) = F(x + ct) + G(x - ct)$.
- Initial value problem: d'Alembert's formula.
- Domains of influence and dependence.
- Semi-bounded string – reflection method.
- Inhomogeneous wave equation – Duhamel principle.
- Bounded string – separation of variables.
- Energy and uniqueness.

- **The heat equation**

- Maximum principle and uniqueness.
- Separation of variables.
- Heat equation Cauchy problem for the heat equation on an infinitely long rod (uses Fourier transforms).

- **Fourier transforms**

- Definition of the Fourier transform pair (the transform and the inverse transform).
- Properties of the Fourier transform - existence, linearity.
- Fourier transform of the derivative.
- Convolution theorem.
- Consideration of the Fourier transform in different function spaces.
- Solution of the heat equation Cauchy problem using the Fourier transform.